

INFORMAL VISION SKILLS INVENTORY

CHILD'S

NAME:	DOB:
OBSERVER:	DATE:
INFORMANT:	
visually impaired, it is important to share information visually and what he does to indicate he has advance of conducting the test(s) will help the impaired to plan his/her assessment strategious observation and/or interview with the family,	and before you refer him/her to a teacher of the ormation about what things the child responds to a seen something. Having this information in the ophthalmologist and the teacher of the visually tes, especially for hard to test children. Through staff or caregivers who know the child best, list only seems to respond to and how he/she shows
Things the Child Seems to See	What does he/she do to let you know he/she sees this information?
Responds to lights	
Seems to respond to specific colors (list colors):	
Seems to respond to things in motion	
Seems to respond visually when he/she is moving or traveling in a car/stroller	
Seems to see objects well enough to move towards them if he/she wants them	
Seems to see well enough to reach out and grasp objects he/she desires	
Seems to see if he brings things in close enough (note how close):	

Do you think that the child's vision has staye time?	d the same, become better or become worse over	er
Do the child's eyes appear somewhat differe atypical about their appearance:	ent from most other children? Describe what see	ms
Does the child like (calms, excites, etc.) of certain visual stimuli? What are they and	or dislike (startles, causes him to cry, etc.) I how do you know this?	
Things he/she likes to look at or seems	How you know	
to respond well to visually:		
Things he/she is bothered by visually (bright lights, busy patterns, etc.):	How you know	

Are there situations or times when the child **does not** seem to see? When does this happen and what makes you think he/she is not seeing?

A situation where he/she doesn't seem to see (in poorly lit situations, seems to miss things on the ground, when there is bright light or glare, etc.)	What he/she seems to miss (specific areas/fields of vision, can't distinguish colors, can't judge drop-offs, etc.)	What makes you think he/she is missing the information (falls often, trips over things, overreaches, brings materials up very close, positions head oddly to look at things, etc.)

Appendix C-1 – Developed by Region 12 Deafblind Stakeholder Committee, 2002